

Macquarie Asset Management - Diversified Funds Booklet

Annual financial report - 30 June 2024

Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund

ARSN 094 593 790

Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund

ARSN 115 836 489

Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund

ARSN 094 223 560

Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund

ARSN 091 491 039

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Annual financial report - 30 June 2024

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This financial report covers Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund, Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund as individual entities.

The Responsible Entity of Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund, Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund is Macquarie Investment Management Australia Limited (ABN 55 092 552 611). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 1 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' Report

30 June 2024

The directors of Macquarie Investment Management Australia Limited ("MIMAL" or the "Responsible Entity"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited and the Responsible Entity of Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund, Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund (individually the "Trust", collectively the "Trusts"), present their report together with the financial report of the Trusts for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Trusts is to invest in unlisted unit trusts, debt securities and derivatives in accordance with their respective Constitution.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Trusts' activities during the financial year.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of MIMAL during the year ended 30 June 2024 or since the end of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

M Aubrey (resigned 01/10/2023)

C Berger

K Gray (appointed 01/10/2023)

V Malley (appointed 23/10/2023)

G Stephens

B Terry

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Trusts were managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the respective Trust's offer document and in accordance with their respective Constitution.

The performance of the Trusts, as represented by the results of their operations, was as follows:

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580
Distributions paid or payable (\$'000)	14,076	5,132	2,147	910	–	–	3,858	394
Distribution per unit (in cents)	6.97	1.26	0.40	0.20	–	–	14.83	1.24

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Trusts that occurred during the financial year under review.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2024 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Trusts in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Trusts in future financial years.

Directors' Report

30 June 2024

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Trusts will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the respective Trust's offer document and in accordance with their respective Constitution.

The results of the Trusts' operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Trusts invest. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Trusts in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of the Responsible Entity or the auditor of the Trusts. Under the respective Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity of the Trusts is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Trusts for any liability incurred by it in properly performing its duties or exercising any of its powers in relation to the Trusts.

Fees paid to and units held in the Trusts by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity and its associates out of the Trusts' property during the year are disclosed in Note 9 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of the Trusts' property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year (2023: Nil).

The number of units in the Trusts held by the Responsible Entity, its directors or its associates as at the end of the year are disclosed in Note 9 of the financial statements.

Units in the Trusts

The movement in units of the Trusts during the year is disclosed in Note 5 of the financial statements.

The value of the Trusts' assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statements of financial position and derived using the basis set out in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulations

The operations of the Trusts are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Rounding of amounts

In accordance with *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Rounding in Financial/ Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, amounts in the directors' report and the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand Australian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Multi-fund booklet

The relief available in *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Related Scheme Reports) Instrument 2015/839* has been applied in the directors' report and the financial report, combining information related to multiple Trusts. In accordance with that, information related to each included Trust has been readily identified and amounts for each included Trust are presented in the adjacent columns in this report.

Directors' Report

30 June 2024

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 4 following this report.
This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director:

B Terry

Sydney

9 September 2024

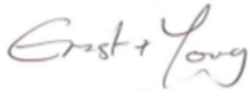
Auditor's independence declaration to the directors of Macquarie Investment Management Australia Limited as Responsible Entity of

- Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund
- Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund
- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund
- Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund

referred to collectively as the Trusts.

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of the Trusts for the financial year ended 30 June 2024, I declare to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been:

- a. No contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit;
- b. No contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit; and
- c. No non-audit services provided that contravene any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



Ernst & Young



Darren J Handley-Greaves
Partner
9 September 2024

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Notes	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
		2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Income/(loss)									
Interest income		158	173	234	258	102	78	14	–
Distribution income	9	272	564	2,085	552	13,751	7,455	14	1
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	4	16,374	16,819	18,796	8,916	(5,588)	9,873	967	1,715
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		58	(37)	206	95	(909)	(3,084)	3	(6)
Fee rebates	9	11	28	64	12	1,689	1,718	–	–
Total income/(loss)		16,873	17,547	21,385	9,833	9,045	16,040	998	1,710
Expenses									
Management fees	9	(808)	(1,355)	(1,462)	(1,239)	(2,381)	(2,489)	(118)	(129)
Other operating expenses		–	–	(46)	(16)	(43)	(17)	(15)	(1)
Total expenses		(808)	(1,355)	(1,508)	(1,255)	(2,424)	(2,506)	(133)	(130)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders	5	16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580
Other comprehensive income for the year		–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders		16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580

The above statements of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Financial Position

As at 30 June 2024

		Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	6	1,567	2,452	995	1,954	1,991	3,479	353	268
Margin accounts		2,143	1,044	5,131	4,373	—	—	106	48
Cash collateral receivable		—	410	—	—	—	1,250	—	—
Applications receivable		94	50	138	40	—	—	—	—
Due from underlying unit trusts	9	—	—	—	—	—	6,187	—	—
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		5	—	24,946	10,003	—	—	—	—
Fee rebates receivable	9	1	7	24	3	2	2	—	—
Other receivables		57	66	28	23	65	65	2	3
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	7	173,716	407,000	527,362	415,810	214,132	215,299	20,246	25,845
Total assets		177,583	411,029	558,624	432,206	216,190	226,282	20,707	26,164
Liabilities									
Margin accounts		—	283	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cash collateral payable		—	—	50	—	2,150	20	—	—
Due to brokers - payable for securities purchased		—	—	—	10,466	—	—	—	—
Due to underlying unit trusts	9	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Redemptions payable		232	52	737	311	—	—	—	—
Distributions payable		1,723	536	356	29	—	—	—	—
Management fees payable	9	136	324	382	335	598	626	26	31
Withholding tax payable		—	1	—	—	—	—	20	—
Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	8	1,434	3,199	50,432	7,472	71	830	19	9
Total liabilities		3,526	4,395	51,957	18,613	2,819	1,476	65	40
Net assets attributable to unitholders - equity	5	174,057	406,634	506,667	413,593	213,371	224,806	20,642	26,124

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Notes	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Total equity at the beginning of the year		406,634	442,981	413,593	326,115	224,806	205,921	26,124	28,229
Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year									
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders	5	16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580
Other comprehensive income		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580
Transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners									
Applications	5	23,498	41,972	191,153	164,345	11,529	38,988	127	137
Redemptions	5	(266,555)	(93,247)	(117,471)	(85,350)	(29,585)	(33,637)	(6,452)	(3,822)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	5	8,491	3,868	1,662	815	—	—	3,836	394
Distributions	5	(14,076)	(5,132)	(2,147)	(910)	—	—	(3,858)	(394)
Total transactions with unitholders in their capacity as owners		(248,642)	(52,539)	73,197	78,900	(18,056)	5,351	(6,347)	(3,685)
Total equity at the end of the year	5	174,057	406,634	506,667	413,593	213,371	224,806	20,642	26,124

The above statements of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Notes	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Proceeds related to financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	451,233	424,169	1,073,409	785,187	108,010	87,281	17,950	4,909
Payments related to financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(217,290)	(397,730)	(1,160,200)	(880,227)	(109,172)	(101,441)	(12,043)	(2,260)
Net margin received/(paid)	(1,382)	10,748	(758)	5,386	—	—	(58)	43
Net cash collateral received/(paid)	410	(410)	50	110	3,380	170	—	—
Coupon received	14,188	15,942	13,831	10,290	1,755	1,562	684	696
Interest received	158	173	234	258	102	78	14	—
Distributions received	—	—	—	—	13,340	7,160	—	—
Fee rebates received	17	41	43	16	1,689	1,718	—	—
Management fees paid	(986)	(1,398)	(1,420)	(1,213)	(2,408)	(2,483)	(122)	(131)
Payment of other expenses	—	—	(46)	(16)	(43)	(17)	(15)	(1)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	11(a) 246,348	51,535	(74,857)	(80,209)	16,653	(5,972)	6,410	3,256
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from applications by unitholders	23,454	41,922	191,055	164,305	11,529	38,988	127	137
Payments for redemptions made to unitholders	(266,375)	(93,228)	(117,045)	(85,138)	(29,585)	(33,637)	(6,452)	(3,822)
Distributions paid to unitholders	(4,389)	(1,141)	(158)	(74)	—	—	—	—
Withholding tax paid	(10)	(2)	—	—	—	—	(2)	(6)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities	(247,320)	(52,449)	73,852	79,093	(18,056)	5,351	(6,327)	(3,691)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(972)	(914)	(1,005)	(1,116)	(1,403)	(621)	83	(435)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,452	3,207	1,954	2,919	3,479	4,088	268	698
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	87	159	46	151	(85)	12	2	5
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	6 1,567	2,452	995	1,954	1,991	3,479	353	268
Non-cash financing activities	11(b) 8,491	3,868	1,662	815	—	—	3,836	394

The above statements of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

1 General information

This financial report covers Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund, Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund (individually the "Trust", collectively the "Trusts") as individual entities. The Trusts are registered managed investment schemes domiciled in Australia. The Trusts did not have any employees during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023. The financial report of the Trusts is presented in Australian dollars, which is also the functional currency of the Trusts. The respective Trust's Constitution dates are as follows:

- Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund - 26 September 2000
- Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund - 17 August 2005
- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund - 15 August 2000
- Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund - 15 February 1988

The Responsible Entity of the Trusts is Macquarie Investment Management Australia Limited ("MIMAL" or the "Responsible Entity"). The Responsible Entity's registered office is Level 1, 1 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW 2000.

The Investment Manager of the Trusts is Macquarie Investment Management Global Limited ("MIMGL" or the "Investment Manager").

The respective Trust's Constitution allows the Attribution Managed Investment Trust ("AMIT") tax regime to apply to the Trust. The Trusts met the AMIT eligibility criteria for the tax years ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023. Consequently, the Responsible Entity is not contractually obligated to pay distributions to the unitholders and the units in the Trusts are classified as equity (see Note 2(d), Note 2(l) and Note 5).

In addition, disclosures applicable to certain Trusts are as below:

- **Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to Macquarie Investment Management Europe Limited ("MIMEL") and Macquarie Investment Management Advisers ("MIMA").

- **Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL and MIMA.

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Australian Fixed Interest Fund.

- **Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL, MIMA and Macquarie Investment Management Austria Kapitalanlage ("MIMAK").

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Income Opportunities Fund.

The Trust is classified as an investment entity as it meets the definition of an investment entity and has the typical characteristics of an investment entity. Hence, there is no requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements for the Trust, in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") framework. These financial statements are the only financial statements prepared for the Trust (see Note 2(e) and Note 9(b)).

- **Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL and MIMA.

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Balanced Growth Fund.

The Trusts will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the respective Trust's offer document and in accordance with their respective Constitution.

The financial statements of the Trusts were authorised for issue by the directors on 9 September 2024. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all financial years presented, unless otherwise stated in this note.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia. The Trusts are for-profit trusts for the purpose of preparing financial statements.

The financial report is prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statements of financial position are presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current items. All of the Trusts' assets and liabilities are either held for trading or are expected to be realised within twelve months.

The Trusts' financial assets and financial liabilities are held at fair value through profit or loss and are managed based on the economic circumstances at any given point in time, as well as to meet any liquidity requirements. As such, it is expected that a portion of the respective Trust's portfolio will be realised within twelve months, however, an estimate of that amount cannot be reliably determined as at the reporting date.

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified to be consistent with current period disclosures.

Critical accounting estimates and significant judgements

The Responsible Entity makes estimates and assumptions, and uses judgements, to ensure that the reported amounts of assets and liabilities are in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards for the financial report. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For the exchange traded financial instruments quoted market prices are readily available. However, certain financial instruments, for example, over-the-counter derivatives and unquoted securities are fair valued using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, pricing models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by experienced personnel of the Responsible Entity, independent of the area that created them. Models are calibrated by back-testing to actual transactions to ensure that outputs are reliable.

Models use observable data to the extent practicable. However, inputs such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require the Responsible Entity to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these inputs could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

For certain other financial instruments, including short-term receivables and payables, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Changes to accounting standards and interpretations

There are no new accounting standards, amendments or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 July 2023 that have a material impact on the financial statements of the Trusts. In addition, there are no other standards, amendments or interpretations issued but not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Trusts' financial statements.

Other developments

The International Sustainability Standards Board published the following sustainability reporting standards which are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with earlier application permitted as long as both standards are applied.

- IFRS S1 *General Requirements of Sustainability-related Financial Information*, which sets out the overall requirements for sustainability-related financial disclosures, and
- IFRS S2 *Climate-related disclosures*, which will require the disclosure of information that enables the unitholders to understand the Trusts' governance, strategy, risk management, and targets in relation to climate-related risk and opportunities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

Other developments (continued)

In Australia, the proposed sustainability standards and related legislation have been issued during the year for exposure and comment. The Responsible Entity acknowledges the growing importance of sustainability-related disclosures and will continue to assess the reporting obligations arising from these standards.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Trusts manage their investments on a fair value basis. All other assets and liabilities are carried at amortised cost. These are classified as below:

- *Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")*

The Trusts classify their investments based on both their respective business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Trusts are primarily focussed on fair value information, and use that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions in accordance with the Trusts' documented investment strategy.

The Trusts' investments in equity securities and unlisted unit trusts are measured at fair value through profit or loss. For any investment in debt securities, the contractual cash flows are solely principal and interest, however they are neither held for collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Trusts' business models' objective. Consequently, the debt securities are also measured at fair value through profit or loss.

In addition, the derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are recognised as assets when their fair value is positive and as liabilities when their fair value is negative. The Trusts do not designate any securities as hedges in a hedging relationship.

- *Financial assets held at amortised cost*

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost, if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

The Trusts may hold short-term receivables at amortised cost.

- *Financial liabilities*

A financial liability is measured at FVTPL if it meets the definition of held for trading. Derivative contracts that have a negative fair value are also included in this category.

Financial liabilities, other than those measured at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost. These may include short-term payables.

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Trusts recognise financial assets and financial liabilities on the date they become party to the contractual agreement (trade date).

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or when the Trusts have disposed the investments and transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liabilities is discharged, cancelled or has expired.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement

- *Financial instruments held at FVTPL*

Financial assets and financial liabilities held at FVTPL are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial instruments held at FVTPL are expensed immediately in the statements of comprehensive income.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments held at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with changes in their fair value recognised as net gains or losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss in the statements of comprehensive income.

Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices as at the reporting date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at current bid prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current ask prices.

Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reasonable estimate of the market prices.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on the Responsible Entity's best estimates and discount rate at the reporting date applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data as at the reporting date. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable pricing/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

The fair value of derivative financial instruments that are not exchange traded is estimated at the amount that the Trusts would receive or pay to terminate the contract as at the reporting date taking into account current market conditions (volatility and appropriate yield curve) and the current creditworthiness of the counterparties.

Investments in unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the managers of such trusts.

Details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in Note 10(e).

- *Financial instruments held at amortised cost*

Financial assets and liabilities, other than those classified as FVTPL, are initially measured at fair value adjusted by transaction costs and subsequently amortised using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method.

The EIR is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating and recognising the interest income or interest expense in the statements of comprehensive income over the life of a financial asset or a financial liability. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where applicable, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

- *Impairment*

The Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") requirements for the Trusts apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Trusts apply a three-stage approach (Stage I - 12 month ECL, Stage II - Lifetime ECL not credit impaired and Stage III - Lifetime ECL credit impaired) to measure ECL based on changes in the financial asset's underlying credit risk and includes forward-looking and macro-economic information. The 12 month ECL is the portion of lifetime ECL that results from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. ECL is modelled as the product of the probability of default, the loss given default and the exposure at default.

(iv) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the financial asset and settle the financial liability simultaneously.

(c) Repurchase agreements

Securities sold under agreements to repurchase at a specified future date are not derecognised from the statements of financial position as the Trusts retain substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Under repurchase agreements, the Trusts sell securities that they hold with an agreement to repurchase the same security at an agreed upon price and date. Amounts received from sold securities under repurchase agreements are reflected as a financial liability. Interest payments are recorded as a component of interest expense. The Trusts may receive a fee for the use of the security by the counterparty, which may result in interest income to the Trusts.

A repurchase agreement involves the risk that the market value of the security sold by the Trusts may decline below the repurchase price of the security. The Trusts segregate assets determined to be liquid or otherwise to cover their obligations under repurchase agreements.

(d) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option based on the redemption price, however, applications and redemptions may be suspended by the Responsible Entity if it is in the best interests of the unitholders. The value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) as at the reporting date if unitholders exercised their right to redeem their units.

Under AASB 132 *Financial instruments: Presentation*, puttable financial instruments are classified as equity where certain criteria are met. The Trusts classify the net assets attributable to unitholders as equity as they satisfy all of the following criteria:

- (i) the puttable financial instrument entitles the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets in the event of the Trusts' liquidation;
- (ii) the puttable financial instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments and class features are identical;
- (iii) the puttable financial instrument does not include any contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset, or to exchange financial instruments with another entity under potentially unfavourable conditions to the Trusts, and it is not a contract settled in the Trusts' own equity instruments; and
- (iv) the total expected cash flows attributable to the puttable financial instrument over the life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Trusts over the life of the instrument.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(e) Investment entity and subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Trusts have control evidenced by the power to direct the relevant activities of the entity, exposure or rights to significant variable returns and the ability to utilise power to affect the Trusts' own returns. The determination of control is based on current facts and circumstances and is continuously assessed.

The Trusts have power over an entity when they have existing substantive rights that give it the current ability to direct the entity's relevant activities. Relevant activities are those activities that significantly affect the entity's returns. The Trusts evaluate whether they have the power to direct the relevant activities. The Trusts also consider the entity's purpose and design. If the Trusts determine that they have power over an entity, the Trusts then evaluate whether they have exposure or rights to variable returns that, in aggregate, are significant. All variable returns are considered including, but not limited to, debt or equity investments, guarantees, liquidity arrangements, variable fees and certain derivative contracts.

The Trust may hold investment in an unlisted unit trust which is classified as an investment in a subsidiary. The Responsible Entity has determined that the Trust qualifies as an investment entity due to following factors:

- The Trust obtain and manage funds for the purpose of providing investors of the Trust with investment management services;
- The Trust's business purpose is to gain from appreciation in the value of its investments; and
- The Trust's investments are managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis.

The Trusts also meet all the other typical characteristics of an investment entity. Hence, there is no requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements for the Trusts, in accordance with the AASB framework. These financial statements are the only financial statements prepared for the Trusts (see Note 9(b)).

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss in the financial statements of the Trusts.

(f) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statements of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions. Cash equivalents include other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. Bank overdrafts, if any, are considered as cash and cash equivalents. However, these are disclosed under liabilities on the statements of financial position.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Trusts' main income generating activity.

(g) Cash collateral receivable/payable

Cash collateral receivable/payable comprises cash paid/received as collateral for over-the-counter derivative transactions and is receivable from/payable to the counterparty.

(h) Margin accounts

Margin accounts comprise cash held with brokers for derivative transactions. The cash is only available to meet margin calls.

(i) Income

The Trusts may have the following income which are recognised as below:

- Interest income is recognised in the statements of comprehensive income using the EIR method for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income on assets held at FVTPL is included in the net gains or losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss.
- Distribution income is received from the underlying unit trusts. This is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(i) Income (continued)

- Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date, when the right to receive payment is established, with any related withholding tax recorded separately as an expense in the statements of comprehensive income. Any portion of withholding tax, which is reclaimable, is disclosed net of withholding tax expense in the statements of comprehensive income and recognised under other receivables in the statements of financial position.
- Fee rebates from the Responsible Entity are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.
- Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recorded in accordance with the policies described in Note 2(b).

(j) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and performance fees, as applicable, are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(k) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Trusts are not subject to income tax as income of the Trusts is attributed to the unitholders.

Financial instruments held at FVTPL may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be attributed to unitholders so that the Trusts are not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not attributed to unitholders but are retained in the Trusts to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The Trusts may incur withholding tax imposed by certain countries on investment income. Such income is recorded gross of withholding tax, and withholding tax is recognised as an expense in the statements of comprehensive income.

The benefits of imputation credits and tax paid are generally passed on to unitholders.

(l) Distributions to unitholders

In accordance with the respective Trust's Constitution, distributions to unitholders are determined by the Responsible Entity of the Trusts. The Responsible Entity attributes the Trusts' income to unitholders on a fair and reasonable basis, however, the Responsible Entity does not have a requirement under the respective Trust's Constitution to distribute the Trusts' income to unitholders. Distributions to unitholders in the form of cash or reinvestments, are recognised in the statements of changes in equity.

(m) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Trusts' financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency"). This is the Australian dollar, which reflects the currency of the economy in which the Trusts compete for funds and are regulated. The Australian dollar is also the Trusts' presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translations as at the reporting date exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

The Trusts do not isolate that portion of gains or losses on securities and derivative financial instruments that are measured at FVTPL and which is due to changes in foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market price of securities. Such fluctuations are included with the net gains or losses on financial instruments held at FVTPL.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(n) Due from/to underlying unit trusts

Amounts due from/to underlying unit trusts may include outstanding redemption proceeds receivable from and application money payable to the underlying unit trusts. The amounts are recognised as receivable/payable once the redemption/application notice has been made by the Trusts to the underlying unit trusts and is recognised at the fair value of the underlying unit trusts at the date of redemption/application.

(o) Due from/to brokers

Amounts due from/to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not delivered as at the reporting date.

(p) Receivables

Receivables include assets and accrued income owing to the Trusts which have not been received as at the reporting date. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

- Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(i). Interest receivable on assets held at FVTPL is included as part of the financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss in the statements of financial position.
- Distribution income and dividend income are accrued when the right to receive payment is established.
- Fee rebates receivable from the Responsible Entity is recognised in the statements of financial position on an accruals basis.

(q) Payables

Payables may include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Trusts which are unpaid as at the reporting date.

The amount payable to unitholders towards redemption of units and distributions as at the reporting date is recognised separately in the statements of financial position.

The withholding tax payable as at the reporting date is recognised separately in the statements of financial position as under certain circumstances tax is withheld from distributions to unitholders in accordance with applicable legislation.

(r) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Trusts are recorded net of entry fees, if any, payable prior to the issue of units in the Trusts. Redemptions from the Trusts are recorded gross of exit fees, if any, payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(s) Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST to the extent that GST is payable to or recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office ("ATO"). The Trust is eligible to claim Reduced Input Tax Credit ("RITC") in relation to certain expenses. Where GST is not recoverable, it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable.

Receivables and payables are recognised inclusive of GST. GST recoverable from or payable to the ATO is recorded as receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

Cash flows relating to GST, recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are included as cash flows from operating activities and are disclosed in the statements of cash flows on a gross basis.

(t) Rounding of amounts

In accordance with *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Rounding in Financial/ Directors' Reports) Instrument 2016/191*, amounts in the directors' report and the financial report have been rounded to the nearest thousand Australian dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

(u) Multi-fund booklet

The relief available in *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations (Related Scheme Reports) Instrument 2015/839* has been applied in the directors' report and the financial report, combining information related to multiple Trusts. In accordance with that, information related to each included Trust has been readily identified and amounts for each included Trust are presented in the adjacent columns in this report.

3 Auditor's remuneration

During the year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by Ernst & Young, the auditor of the Trusts:

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Audit services								
Audit of financial reports	7,650	7,288	7,650	7,288	4,893	4,663	7,650	7,288
Other audit work under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>	1,014	965	1,014	965	1,014	965	1,014	965
Non-audit services								
Taxation compliance services	–	1,135	–	1,135	–	1,135	–	1,135
Total remuneration paid/payable	8,664	9,388	8,664	9,388	5,907	6,763	8,664	9,388

Audit fees are paid out of the Responsible Entity's own resources except for Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund, where it is borne by the respective Trust.

4 Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net gains/(losses) from disposal/revaluation of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	3,325	60	3,629	(2,061)	(7,399)	8,223	301	1,016
Interest income on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	13,049	16,759	15,167	10,977	1,811	1,650	666	699
Net gains/(losses) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	16,374	16,819	18,796	8,916	(5,588)	9,873	967	1,715

5 Net assets attributable to unitholders

As stipulated within the respective Trust's Constitution, each unit represents an undivided share in the beneficial interest in the Trust. There are no separate classes of units and each unit in the Trust has the same rights attaching to it as all other units in that Trust.

The Trusts meet the criteria set out under AASB 132, hence the net assets attributable to unitholders is classified as equity (see Note 2(d)).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

5 Net assets attributable to unitholders (continued)

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund				Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund			
	2024 No. '000	2023 No. '000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 No. '000	2023 No. '000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Opening balance	390,937	436,661	406,634	442,981	463,427	372,948	413,593	326,115
Applications	22,337	41,070	23,498	41,972	208,707	183,785	191,153	164,345
Redemptions	(253,199)	(90,524)	(266,555)	(93,247)	(127,536)	(94,221)	(117,471)	(85,350)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	8,119	3,730	8,491	3,868	1,798	915	1,662	815
Distributions to unitholders	–	–	(14,076)	(5,132)	–	–	(2,147)	(910)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders	–	–	16,065	16,192	–	–	19,877	8,578
Closing balance	168,194	390,937	174,057	406,634	546,396	463,427	506,667	413,593

	Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund				Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund			
	2024 No. '000	2023 No. '000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 No. '000	2023 No. '000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Opening balance	215,017	208,297	224,806	205,921	32,037	35,969	26,124	28,229
Applications	11,053	39,687	11,529	38,988	154	169	127	137
Redemptions	(27,840)	(32,967)	(29,585)	(33,637)	(7,865)	(4,571)	(6,452)	(3,822)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	–	–	–	–	5,348	470	3,836	394
Distributions to unitholders	–	–	–	–	–	–	(3,858)	(394)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders	–	–	6,621	13,534	–	–	865	1,580
Closing balance	198,230	215,017	213,371	224,806	29,674	32,037	20,642	26,124

Capital risk management

The Trusts manage their net assets attributable to unitholders as capital. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Trusts are subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Responsible Entity monitors the impact of applications and redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Trusts.

6 Cash and cash equivalents

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash at bank	1,559	2,445	937	1,898	1,991	3,479	353	268
Deposits at call	8	7	58	56	–	–	–	–
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,567	2,452	995	1,954	1,991	3,479	353	268

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

7 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000
Debt securities	167,949	385,462	481,358	388,871	29,772	29,469	19,881	25,820
Derivatives	1,895	6,098	613	5,174	2,776	175	1	—
Unlisted unit trusts	3,872	15,440	45,391	21,765	181,584	185,655	364	25
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	173,716	407,000	527,362	415,810	214,132	215,299	20,246	25,845

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets held at FVTPL is included in Note 10.

8 Financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000	2024 Fair value \$'000	2023 Fair value \$'000
Debt securities	—	—	48,104	—	—	—	—	—
Derivatives	1,434	3,199	2,328	7,472	71	830	19	9
Total financial liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss	1,434	3,199	50,432	7,472	71	830	19	9

The Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund enters into a Global Master Repurchase Agreement ("GMRA") with counterparties for repurchase transactions. Under the GMRA, legal title to some of the Trust's assets are transferred to the counterparties, however the Trust maintains the risks and benefits of ownership of the assets. The counterparties to the GMRA have an obligation to return the securities to the Trust at a specified future date. At 30 June 2024, the fair market value of the securities sold under the GMRA, and to be repurchased at a specified future date, is (\$48,103,885) (2023: Nil).

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial liabilities held at FVTPL is included in Note 10.

9 Related party disclosures

(a) Parent entity

- **Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund**

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Australian Fixed Interest Fund, which at 30 June 2024 owns 50.04% (2023: 58.51%) of the units of the Trust.

- **Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund**

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Income Opportunities Fund, which at 30 June 2024 owns 100.00% (2023: 100.00%) of the units of the Trust.

- **Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund**

The parent and the ultimate parent of the Trust is Macquarie Balanced Growth Fund, which at 30 June 2024 owns 88.53% (2023: 89.09%) of the units of the Trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(b) Subsidiaries

- **Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund**

The subsidiaries of the Trust are:

- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Select Opportunities Fund.
- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Sovereign ESG Fund ("MEMDSEF"). During the year ended 30 June 2024, the Trust became the parent of MEMDSEF, upon acquiring additional units in MEMDSEF.

As disclosed in Note 2(e), the Trust is an investment entity and measures its investment in subsidiaries at FVTPL.

The proportion of ownership interest and investment in the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 9(j). The subsidiaries are Luxembourg registered managed investment schemes domiciled in Luxembourg, which invests in debt securities and derivatives, having their principal place of business in Luxembourg.

(c) Responsible Entity

The Responsible Entity of the Trusts is MIMAL, a wholly owned subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited ("MGL").

(d) Investment Manager

The Investment Manager of the Trusts is MIMGL, a wholly owned subsidiary of MGL.

(e) Key management personnel

Key management personnel services are provided by MIMAL. The following individuals comprise the key management personnel of the Trusts and held office as directors of MIMAL during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023, unless indicated otherwise:

M Aubrey (resigned 01/10/2023)

C Berger

K Gray (appointed 01/10/2023)

V Malley (appointed 23/10/2023)

C Marull (resigned 03/03/2023)

G Stephens

B Terry

No amount is paid by the Trusts directly to the directors of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures* is paid by the Trusts to the directors as key management personnel.

(f) Key management personnel unitholdings

No key management personnel held units in Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund at any time during the year (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(f) Key management personnel unitholdings (continued)

Key management personnel and their close family members held units in Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund as follows:

• Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)		Number of units held closing (Units)		Interest held %		Number of units acquired (Units)		Number of units disposed (Units)		Distributions declared by the Trust \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
B Terry	2,278,542	–	2,729,094	2,278,542	0.50	0.49	450,552	2,278,542	–	–	4,095	3,417

(g) Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Trusts have not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the year (2023: Nil).

(h) Responsible Entity fees and other transactions

For the year ended 30 June 2024, in accordance with the respective Trust's Constitution, the Responsible Entity was entitled to receive a total fee detailed in below table, which is calculated as a percentage of net asset value (inclusive of GST, net of RITC available to the Trust).

Trust names	Management fees	
	2024 %	2023 %
Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund	0.31	0.31
Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund	0.31	0.31
Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund	1.13	1.13
Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	0.46	0.46

The proportion of the GST on the fees that can be recovered by the Trust as RITCs or otherwise varies. The fee paid by the Trust will equal the rate disclosed in the respective Trust's offer document (inclusive of GST, net of RITCs) regardless of the rate of GST recovery in any period.

All expenses in connection with the preparation of accounting records and the maintenance of the unit register have been fully borne by the Responsible Entity except for Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund, Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund and Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(h) Responsible Entity fees and other transactions (continued)

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the year and amounts payable as at the reporting date between the Trusts and the Responsible Entity were as follows:

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Management fees charged to the Trusts by the Responsible Entity	(807,887)	(1,354,682)	(1,461,902)	(1,239,221)	(2,381,313)	(2,488,631)	(117,979)	(129,229)
Fee rebates from the Responsible Entity*	11,012	27,510	64,002	11,599	1,688,816	1,718,456	264	24
Management fees payable by the Trusts to the Responsible Entity as at the reporting date	136,118	323,537	382,036	334,945	597,590	625,907	26,246	30,827
Fee rebates receivable from the Responsible Entity as at the reporting date*	1,384	6,596	24,393	2,985	2,017	1,945	68	6

*The Responsible Entity rebates management fees charged from other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity where the Trusts invest in those schemes.

(i) Related party unitholdings

Parties related to the Trusts (including MIMAL, its affiliates and other schemes managed by MIMAL or other wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL) held units in the respective Trust as follows:

• Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)		Number of units held closing (Units)		Interest held %		Number of units acquired (Units)		Number of units disposed (Units)		Distributions declared by the Trust \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Macquarie Australian Diversified Income (High Grade) Fund	74,022,325	94,390,656	–	74,022,325	–	18.93	16,183,762	2,353,826	90,206,087	22,722,157	1,760,243	945,792

There are no distributions payable to the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no redemptions payable to the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(i) Related party unitholdings (continued)

• Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund

Unitholders	Number of units held opening (Units)		Number of units held closing (Units)		Interest held %		Number of units acquired (Units)		Number of units disposed (Units)		Distributions declared by the Trust \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Macquarie Asset Management Holdings Pty Limited	2,178,607	999,100	2,759,076	2,178,607	0.50	0.47	587,066	1,179,507	6,597	–	11,036	4,357
Macquarie Australian Fixed Interest Fund	271,155,890	258,329,274	273,402,020	271,155,890	50.04	58.51	42,179,900	59,502,284	39,933,770	46,675,668	1,111,836	557,274
Macquarie Balanced Growth Fund	23,640,002	26,278,902	61,103,875	23,640,002	11.18	5.10	61,315,841	143,397	23,851,968	2,782,297	215,027	49,932
Macquarie Capital Stable Fund	3,119,660	4,487,512	2,134,685	3,119,660	0.39	0.67	85,637	24,208	1,070,612	1,392,060	9,359	7,502
Macquarie Diversified Growth Fund	1,002,900	1,301,202	741,463	1,002,900	0.14	0.22	153,490	9,110	414,927	307,412	3,096	2,284

The Trust has distributions payable of \$6,898 to Macquarie Asset Management Holdings Pty Limited as at 30 June 2024 (2023: \$1,089).

The Trust has redemptions payable of \$736,763 to the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: \$311,187).

• Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund

Unitholder	Number of units held opening (Units)		Number of units held closing (Units)		Interest held %		Number of units acquired (Units)		Number of units disposed (Units)		Distributions declared by the Trust \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Macquarie Income Opportunities Fund	215,016,853	202,636,096	198,229,511	215,016,853	100.00	100.00	11,053,074	39,668,835	27,840,416	27,288,078	–	–

There are no distributions payable to the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no redemptions payable to the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(i) Related party unitholdings (continued)

• *Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund*

Unitholders	Number of units held opening (Units)		Number of units held closing (Units)		Interest held %		Number of units acquired (Units)		Number of units disposed (Units)		Distributions declared by the Trust \$	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Macquarie Balanced Growth Fund	28,542,719	32,312,803	26,270,433	28,542,719	88.53	89.09	4,914,947	576,518	7,187,233	4,346,602	3,424,184	352,114
Macquarie Capital Stable Fund	966,288	1,110,546	593,028	966,288	2.00	3.02	112,523	19,370	485,783	163,628	77,806	11,824
Macquarie Diversified Growth Fund	1,332,755	1,367,524	1,393,384	1,332,755	4.70	4.16	252,221	26,014	191,592	60,783	175,618	16,308

There are no distributions payable to the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no redemptions payable to the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

(j) Investments

The Trusts held investments in the following schemes which are managed by MIMAL or other wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL:

• *Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund*

	Fair value of investments		Interest held		Distribution income	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$
Macquarie Conservative Income Fund	994,232	4,876,075	0.13	1.57	62,532	125,910
Macquarie Treasury Fund	2,877,642	10,563,805	0.18	0.92	209,933	437,813

There are no distributions receivable from the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no amounts receivable from the above parties with respect to the units redeemed as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

The Trust has a payable of \$576 to Macquarie Treasury Fund with respect to the units applied for as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(j) Investments (continued)

• *Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund*

	Fair value of investments		Interest held		Distribution income	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$
Macquarie Conservative Income Fund	45,198,065	—	5.99	—	1,337,371	—
Macquarie Treasury Fund	193,430	21,765,435	0.01	1.90	747,389	551,591

There are no distributions receivable from the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no amounts receivable from the above parties with respect to the units redeemed as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

• *Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund*

	Fair value of investments		Interest held		Distribution income	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$
Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Select Opportunities Fund	141,248,676	150,110,955	58.48	69.98	10,832,909	5,920,095
Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Sovereign ESG Fund	29,230,460	28,238,823	53.47	34.92	2,506,884	1,239,744
Macquarie Treasury Fund	11,104,435	7,305,164	0.70	0.64	411,386	295,347

There are no distributions receivable from the above parties as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no amounts receivable from the above parties with respect to the units redeemed as at 30 June 2024 (2023: \$6,187,396 receivable from Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Select Opportunities Fund).

• *Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund*

	Fair value of investments		Interest held		Distribution income	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$	\$	%	%	\$	\$
Macquarie Treasury Fund	364,177	25,220	0.02	0.00	14,497	881

There are no distributions receivable from the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

There are no amounts receivable from the above party with respect to the units redeemed as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(j) Investments (continued)

The following Trusts held investments in debt securities issued by the below entity, which is also a related party of the Trusts:

- **Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund**

	Number of units		Fair Value		Interest income	
	2024 No.	2023 No.	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Macquarie Bank Limited	700,000	3,500,000	715,156	3,553,255	94,555	155,650

There is no interest receivable from the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

- **Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund**

	Number of units		Fair Value		Interest income	
	2024 No.	2023 No.	2024 \$	2023 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Macquarie Bank Limited	–	–	–	–	–	23,281

There is no interest receivable from the above party as at 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

(k) Other transactions within the Trusts

From time to time, the Trusts may purchase or sell securities from/to other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity or its affiliates at the prevailing market rates.

No directors of the Responsible Entity have entered into a material contract with the Trusts in the current or previous year and there were no material contracts involving directors' interests subsisting at 30 June 2024 or 30 June 2023.

During the previous year, the Trusts closed the bank accounts held with Macquarie Bank Limited ("MBL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of MGL. The Trusts may use MBL or other wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL for broking and clearing services. Fees and expenses are negotiated on an arm's length basis for all transactions with related parties.

In addition, disclosures applicable to certain Trusts are as below:

- **Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL and MIMA, both wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL.

The Trust held futures, with MBL as counterparty/ broker, with the fair value at 30 June 2024 of (\$26,544) (2023: (\$54,874)).

- **Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL and MIMA, both wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL.

The Trust held futures, with MBL as counterparty/ broker, with the fair value at 30 June 2024 of (\$311,720) (2023: (\$326,626)).

- **Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL, MIMA and MIMAK, wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(k) Other transactions within the Trusts (continued)

- **Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund**

MIMGL delegated certain investment functions to MIMEL and MIMA, both wholly owned subsidiaries of MGL.

The Trust held futures, with MBL as counterparty/ broker, with the fair value at 30 June 2024 of (\$4,436) (2023: (\$25)).

10 Financial risk management

(a) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Trusts' activities expose them to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Responsible Entity's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Trusts' investment guidelines and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Trusts are exposed.

Financial risk management is monitored by the Responsible Entity's risk management department under policies approved by the Responsible Entity's senior managers or by the Board of Directors of the Responsible Entity.

The Responsible Entity reviews any identified high and medium severity exceptions to internal risk policies and procedures on a quarterly basis.

The Trusts may use derivative and other financial instruments:

- for trading purposes or in connection with its risk management activities;
- to gain market exposure for any cash in the portfolio;
- to gain or reduce the Trust's exposure to a particular security or index;
- to gain or reduce market exposure in the portfolio;
- for currency hedging or to take currency positions;
- to hedge the credit exposure within the portfolio; and
- to facilitate the settlement of investment transactions and to manage foreign exchange risk within the portfolio.

Derivatives are not used to gear (leverage) the portfolio except for Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund. Gearing a portfolio would occur if the level of exposure to the markets exceed the underlying value of the Trusts.

(b) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of changes in the value of the Trusts' financial instruments from changes in market prices or volatility arising from price risk, foreign exchange risk, and interest rate and credit spread risk.

(i) Price risk

Price risk is the risk of changes in the value of the Trusts' financial instruments from changes in market prices.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Investment Manager manages this risk through a careful selection of securities and other financial instruments within specified limits. The Trusts' positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Responsible Entity.

The Trusts exposure to price risk arises from their investments such as exchange traded instruments, over-the-counter derivatives, debt securities and unlisted unit trusts.

Price risk for the Trusts' debt securities and derivatives is a function of foreign exchange risk, and interest rate and credit spread risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(i) Price risk (continued)

Price risk may be managed by:

- managing the cash levels within the Trust;
- managing exposure to non-index stocks;
- ensuring the Trust is tracking its benchmark within permitted limits;
- ensuring the Trust is investing in permitted investments or fully invested in underlying unit trusts as per the Trust's offer document or stated objective;
- restricting the Trust from stock lending, short selling or stock borrowing;
- managing exposure to foreign currency price fluctuations;
- seeking to ensure sector weights are within defined limits; and
- restricting the maximum leveraged exposure of the Trust.

The Trusts' unlisted unit trusts are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the instruments.

The Trusts' market risk is affected by changes in market prices. The impact on profit/net assets attributable to unitholders owing to a 0.25% (2023: 0.25%) interest rate movement, with all other variables held constant, would amount to the following.

In practice, the actual results may differ from the below sensitivity analysis and the difference could be significant.

	2024		2023	
	Impact on profit/net assets attributable to unitholders		Impact on profit/net assets attributable to unitholders	
	0.25% increase	0.25% decrease	0.25% increase	0.25% decrease
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund	1	(1)	5	(5)
Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund	17	(17)	7	(7)
Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund	2,231	(2,231)	2,401	(2,401)
Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	0	(0)	0	(0)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises as the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The foreign exchange risk relating to non-monetary assets and liabilities is a component of price risk, not foreign exchange risk.

Foreign exchange risk on monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities may be managed by:

- managing currency exposure within limits or managing active currency within the limits as per the investment guidelines; and
- hedging undesired currency exposure.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The Trusts are exposed to currencies other than the Australian dollar as below:

- Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund - Monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities held directly.
The Trust is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk on monetary assets and liabilities as the majority of the Trust's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Australian dollars.
- Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund - Monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities held directly.
The Trust is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk on monetary assets and liabilities as the majority of the Trust's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Australian dollars.
- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund - Monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities held directly and also indirectly through investments held in its underlying unit trust.
- Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund - Monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities held directly.
The Trust is not exposed to significant foreign exchange risk on monetary assets and liabilities as the majority of the Trust's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Australian dollars.

Concentration and monitoring of currency risk for Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund

Notwithstanding that investments in non-monetary items do not give rise to currency risk under the accounting standards, the Trust monitors its exposure to each currency on both monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities as a percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders.

The table below summarises the Trust's monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in Australian dollars and other currencies as a percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders.

	Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund			
	Monetary assets and liabilities as a % of net assets attributable to unitholders* 2024	Total assets and liabilities as a % of net assets attributable to unitholders 2024	Monetary assets and liabilities as a % of net assets attributable to unitholders* 2023	Total assets and liabilities as a % of net assets attributable to unitholders 2023
Currency				
AUD	–	4%	–	4%
USD	–	82%	4%	83%
Other currencies	–	14%	–	13%
Total		100%		100%

*The foreign currency exposure relating to monetary assets and liabilities as a percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders is shown as Nil in the table above where it is individually not material to the Trust (which is considered as less than 1% of net assets attributable to unitholders).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Concentration and monitoring of currency risk for Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund (continued)

Foreign exchange risk on monetary assets and monetary liabilities is measured using sensitivity analysis. The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Trust to foreign exchange risk as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023. The sensitivity of profit/(loss) for the financial year attributable to unitholders and the impact on net assets attributable to unitholders is the effect of a reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates on monetary assets and liabilities held as at the reporting date. If exchange rates increased or decreased by 15% (2023: 15%), with all other variables remaining constant, the approximate movement in profit/net assets attributable to unitholders would amount to the following.

In practice, the actual results may differ from the below sensitivity analysis and the difference could be significant.

	Impact on profit/net assets attributable to unitholders Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund +15%/-15%	
	2024 A\$'000	2023 A\$'000
	—/—	1,329/(1,329)
Currency		
USD		

(iii) Interest rate and credit spread risk

Interest rate and credit spread risk is the risk of changes in the value of the Trusts' financial instruments from changes in market interest rates and credit spreads. Any excess cash and cash equivalents are invested at short-term market interest rates.

Interest rate and credit spread risk may be managed by:

- only allowing investments into certain instrument types;
- ensuring the Trust is tracking the benchmark within permitted ranges and monitoring portfolio limits;
- limiting the term of interest rate securities;
- limiting the amount invested in interest rate securities and monitoring target interest rate durations; and
- managing the weighted average maturity of the portfolio.

The Trusts are exposed to interest rate and credit spread risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates and credit spreads directly and also indirectly through investments held in its underlying unit trust.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate and credit spread risk (continued)

The table below demonstrate the sensitivity of the Trusts' profit/(loss) for the financial year to a reasonably possible change in interest rates and credit spreads, with all other variables held constant. The sensitivity of the profit/(loss) for the financial year is the effect of the assumed changes in interest rates on net interest income for the financial year based on the floating rate financial assets as at the reporting date and changes in fair value of investments for the financial year based on revaluing fixed rate financial assets, including their indirectly held investments through underlying unit trusts, as at the reporting date.

In practice, the actual results may differ from the below sensitivity analysis and the difference could be significant.

	Change in interest rate (basis points) Increase/ (decrease)	Sensitivity of interest income Increase/ (decrease)		Sensitivity of changes in fair value of investments relating to a change in interest rates (Decrease)/ increase		Sensitivity of changes in fair value of investments relating to a change in credit spreads (Decrease)/ increase	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund	25/(25)	324/(324)	767/(767)	(174)/174	(508)/508	(927)/927	(1,505)/1,505
Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund	25/(25)	276/(276)	209/(209)	(6,245)/6,245	(5,470)/5,470	(3,357)/3,357	(2,606)/2,606
Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund	25/(25)	—/—	—/—	(2,624)/2,624	(2,771)/2,771	(2,032)/2,032	(2,344)/2,344
Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	25/(25)	—/—	2/(2)	(381)/381	(514)/514	(92)/92	(127)/127

(c) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a counterparty failing to complete its contractual obligations when they fall due, causing a financial loss to the Trusts.

The Trusts exposure to credit risk arises from their investments in debt securities, cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, amounts due from underlying units trusts, amounts due from brokers and counterparties to derivatives. Application of the ECL has not resulted in any adjustment to the carrying value of these assets/recognition of the ECL allowance, as these assets are short-term in nature or of high quality, with no significant historical loss experience.

Credit risk may be managed by:

- managing the Trust's exposures to issuers, deposit taking institutions, brokers and other counterparties;
- using credit default swaps to manage credit exposure through limiting the aggregate long, short and net exposures permitted to such instruments by the Trust. For single issuer credit default swaps, exposures are also incorporated in existing Trust exposure limits by "looking-through" the contract to the underlying issuer-level exposure being provided;
- maintaining an approved broker and counterparty panel;
- ensuring over-the-counter derivatives are traded with appropriately rated counterparties; and
- transactions are generally undertaken with a number of counterparties to avoid a concentration of credit risk.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is the carrying amount of financial assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

The counterparties for cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and derivatives have an investment grade credit rating (2023: investment grade credit rating) as determined by Standard and Poor's or equivalent ratings from other credit rating agencies. An analysis of debt securities by credit rating is set out in the tables below:

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Debt securities								
S&P or equivalent long term ratings								
AAA	55,591	110,463	155,471	135,572	2,612	1,491	10,937	12,668
AA+	2,610	8,617	82,067	70,415	—	—	8,944	12,265
AA	3,457	15,793	56,945	30,565	1,931	2,149	—	887
AA-	21,065	60,614	67,000	40,145	—	—	—	—
A+	13,405	15,969	25,207	12,592	69	3,145	—	—
A	7,792	23,491	17,992	12,341	488	755	—	—
A-	27,086	27,997	33,935	5,412	5,191	3,841	—	—
BBB+	22,119	71,561	19,792	33,458	3,845	5,224	—	—
BBB	9,078	26,130	17,930	17,174	4,782	3,429	—	—
BBB-	5,746	13,313	5,019	6,244	3,375	2,281	—	—
BB+	—	—	—	—	320	894	—	—
BB	—	—	—	—	7,159	2,827	—	—
BB-	—	—	—	—	—	3,433	—	—
Total S&P or equivalent long term rated securities	167,949	373,948	481,358	363,918	29,772	29,469	19,881	25,820
S&P or equivalent short term ratings								
A1+	—	8,211	—	—	—	—	—	—
A1	—	1,304	—	24,953	—	—	—	—
A2	—	1,999	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total S&P or equivalent short term rated securities	—	11,514	—	24,953	—	—	—	—
Total debt securities	167,949	385,462	481,358	388,871	29,772	29,469	19,881	25,820

In accordance with the Trusts' policy, the Responsible Entity's risk management department monitors the Trusts' credit exposure on a daily basis.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Trusts may encounter difficulty in meeting their obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous. The Trusts are exposed to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. They therefore invest the majority of their assets in investments that can generally be liquidated within a short period of time.

The investments of the Trusts may become illiquid. As a result, the Trusts may not be able to liquidate quickly their investments in these instruments at an amount close to their fair value, or at all, to meet their liquidity requirements. No such investments were held as at the reporting dates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (continued)

In order to manage the Trusts' overall liquidity, the Responsible Entity has the discretion to defer or adjust the redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of unitholders.

Liquidity risk may be managed by:

- managing the Trust's ownership of each security's issued capital;
- restricting the use of borrowing in order to ensure the Trust has no debt obligations which may compromise solvency;
- managing the exposure to less liquid securities; and
- investing in unlisted unit trusts that have daily pricing and can ordinarily be readily disposed of.

Maturity analysis for financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Trusts comprise derivative and non-derivative financial liabilities.

Derivative financial liabilities are generally settled in less than 3 months at their fair value. Liquidity risk on these items is not managed on the basis of contractual maturity, since they are not held for settlement according to such maturity and will frequently be settled in the short-term at fair value.

All other liabilities are payable within 30 days (2023: 30 days).

(e) Fair value estimation

The Responsible Entity classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following tables present those of the Trusts' financial assets and financial liabilities (by class) which are measured at fair value.

• *Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund*

	30 June 2024				30 June 2023			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets								
- Debt securities	–	167,949	–	167,949	–	385,462	–	385,462
- Derivatives	33	1,862	–	1,895	319	5,779	–	6,098
- Unlisted unit trusts	–	3,872	–	3,872	–	15,440	–	15,440
Total financial assets	33	173,683	–	173,716	319	406,681	–	407,000
Financial liabilities								
- Derivatives	123	1,311	–	1,434	429	2,770	–	3,199
Total financial liabilities	123	1,311	–	1,434	429	2,770	–	3,199

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and 2 or into/out of level 3 (2023: Nil).

• *Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund*

	30 June 2024				30 June 2023			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets								
- Debt securities	–	481,358	–	481,358	–	388,871	–	388,871
- Derivatives	181	432	–	613	46	5,128	–	5,174
- Unlisted unit trusts	–	45,391	–	45,391	–	21,765	–	21,765
Total financial assets	181	527,181	–	527,362	46	415,764	–	415,810
Financial liabilities								
- Debt securities	–	48,104	–	48,104	–	–	–	–
- Derivatives	590	1,738	–	2,328	796	6,676	–	7,472
Total financial liabilities	590	49,842	–	50,432	796	6,676	–	7,472

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and 2 or into/out of level 3 (2023: Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

• Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund

	30 June 2024				30 June 2023			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets								
- Debt securities	–	29,772	–	29,772	–	29,469	–	29,469
- Derivatives	–	2,776	–	2,776	–	175	–	175
- Unlisted unit trusts	–	181,584	–	181,584	–	185,655	–	185,655
Total financial assets	–	214,132	–	214,132	–	215,299	–	215,299
Financial liabilities								
- Derivatives	–	71	–	71	–	830	–	830
Total financial liabilities	–	71	–	71	–	830	–	830

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and 2 or into/out of level 3 (2023: Nil).

• Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund

	30 June 2024				30 June 2023			
	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial assets								
- Debt securities	–	19,881	–	19,881	–	25,820	–	25,820
- Derivatives	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–
- Unlisted unit trusts	–	364	–	364	–	25	–	25
Total financial assets	–	20,246	–	20,246	–	25,845	–	25,845
Financial liabilities								
- Derivatives	19	–	–	19	8	1	–	9
Total financial liabilities	19	–	–	19	8	1	–	9

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and 2 or into/out of level 3 (2023: Nil).

The carrying amounts of the Trusts' financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not fair valued, approximated their fair values as at the reporting date. These include short-term receivables and payables, and are not presented in the tables above.

The fair value of publicly traded derivatives is based on quoted market prices or binding dealer price quotations as at the reporting date (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions) and have therefore been classified as level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

For debt securities and over-the-counter derivatives, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques include net present value techniques, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist, options pricing models and other relevant valuation models. These financial instruments have therefore been classified as level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include unlisted unit trusts valued at the redemption value per unit, as reported by the managers of such trusts.

(f) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are presented net in the statements of financial position where the Trusts currently have a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intend either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the financial asset and settle the financial liability simultaneously.

Certain derivative financial assets and financial liabilities are subject to legally enforceable master netting arrangements, such as an International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA") master netting agreement. Under the terms of these arrangements, if on any date amounts would otherwise be payable in the same currency and in respect to the same transaction with the counterparty, the obligation may be automatically satisfied and discharged if the party with the larger aggregate amount pays to the other party the excess of the larger aggregate amount over the smaller aggregate amount. The amounts receivable or payable in respect of a single contract are netted in the statements of financial position.

In certain circumstances, for example, when a credit event such as a default occurs, all outstanding transactions under an ISDA agreement are terminated, the termination value is assessed, and only a net amount is payable in settlement of all transactions. The aggregation into a net position owing to/ receivable from a single counterparty is subject to the terms of the arrangements and the insolvency laws of the relevant jurisdiction of the party in default.

As at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023, there were no amounts which would be available for netting for Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Offsetting financial instruments (continued)

The following tables provide information on the impact of offsetting of derivative financial instruments in the statements of financial position and in circumstances where all outstanding transactions under an ISDA agreement are terminated.

- Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2024						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	1,895	—	1,895	1,311	—	584
Total	1,895	—	1,895	1,311	—	584
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	1,434	—	1,434	1,311	—	123
Total	1,434	—	1,434	1,311	—	123

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2023						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	6,098	—	6,098	2,418	—	3,680
Total	6,098	—	6,098	2,418	—	3,680
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	3,199	—	3,199	2,418	410	371
Total	3,199	—	3,199	2,418	410	371

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Offsetting financial instruments (continued)

• Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2024						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	613	—	613	388	50	175
Total	613	—	613	388	50	175
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	2,328	—	2,328	388	—	1,940
Total	2,328	—	2,328	388	—	1,940

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2023						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	5,174	—	5,174	5,128	—	46
Total	5,174	—	5,174	5,128	—	46
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	7,472	—	7,472	5,128	—	2,344
Total	7,472	—	7,472	5,128	—	2,344

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

10 Financial risk management (continued)

(f) Offsetting financial instruments (continued)

• Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2024						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	2,776	—	2,776	53	2,150	573
Total	2,776	—	2,776	53	2,150	573
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	71	—	71	53	—	18
Total	71	—	71	53	—	18

Effects of offsetting in the statement of financial position

	Gross amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities \$'000	Gross amounts offset \$'000	Net amount presented in statement of financial position \$'000	Amounts subject to master netting arrangements \$'000	Cash collateral pledged/received \$'000	Net amount \$'000
30 June 2023						
Financial assets						
Derivatives	175	—	175	46	20	109
Total	175	—	175	46	20	109
Financial liabilities						
Derivatives	830	—	830	46	1,250	—
Total	830	—	830	46	1,250	—

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2024

11 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) for the year to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) for the year to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to unitholders	16,065	16,192	19,877	8,578	6,621	13,534	865	1,580
Distribution income reinvested	(272)	(564)	(2,085)	(552)	(411)	(295)	(14)	(1)
Movement in margin accounts	(1,382)	10,748	(758)	5,386	–	–	(58)	43
Movement in cash collateral receivable	410	(410)	–	110	1,250	150	–	–
Movement in amounts due from underlying unit trusts	–	–	–	–	6,187	(6,187)	–	–
Movement in amounts due from brokers	(5)	–	(14,943)	5,469	–	–	–	–
Movement in fee rebates receivable	6	13	(21)	4	–	–	–	–
Movement in other receivables	9	70	(5)	2	–	(12)	1	–
Movement in cash collateral payable	–	–	50	–	2,130	20	–	–
Movement in amounts due to brokers	–	–	(10,466)	7,207	–	–	–	–
Movement in amounts due to underlying unit trusts	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Movement in management fees payable	(188)	(81)	47	21	(28)	17	(5)	(2)
Movement in financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	231,791	25,726	(66,507)	(106,283)	819	(13,187)	5,623	1,641
Effects of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(87)	(159)	(46)	(151)	85	(12)	(2)	(5)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	246,348	51,535	(74,857)	(80,209)	16,653	(5,972)	6,410	3,256

(b) Non-cash financing activities

	Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund		Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund		Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund		Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund	
	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Reinvestment of unitholder distributions	8,491	3,868	1,662	815	–	–	3,836	394

12 Events occurring after the reporting date

No significant events have occurred since the reporting date which would impact on the financial position of the Trusts disclosed in the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2024 or on the results and cash flows of the Trusts for the financial year ended on that date.

13 Contingent assets, contingent liabilities and commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, contingent liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2024 and 30 June 2023.

Directors' Declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes as set out on pages 5 to 40 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Australian Accounting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Trusts' financial position as at 30 June 2024 and their performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Trusts will be able to pay their debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors declare that the notes to the financial statements include an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (see Note 2(a)).

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Director:

B Terry

Sydney

9 September 2024

Independent auditor's report

To the unitholders of:

- Macquarie Australian Diversified Income Fund
- Macquarie Core Australian Fixed Interest Fund
- Macquarie Emerging Markets Debt Fund
- Macquarie Inflation Linked Bond Fund

referred to collectively as the Trusts.

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of the Trusts, which comprises the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the year then ended, notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Trusts is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a. giving a true and fair view of the Trusts' financial position as at 30 June 2024 and of their financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- b. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report* section of our report. We are independent of the Trusts in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report thereon

The directors of Macquarie Investment Management Australia Limited ("the Responsible Entity") are responsible for the other information. The other information is the directors' report accompanying the financial report.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Responsible Entity are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the Trusts' ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Trusts or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

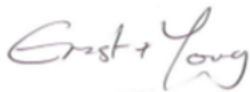
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ▶ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ▶ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Trusts' internal control.
- ▶ Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

- ▶ Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Trusts' ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Trusts to cease to continue as a going concern.
- ▶ Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



Ernst & Young



Darren J Handley-Greaves
Partner
Sydney
9 September 2024